

MEMBERSHIP POLICY

Membership

Membership in CologNet (ie as a network node) is open to European groups who are active either in any of the sub-areas of computational logic or in related fields using logic-based methods and who support the goals and objectives of the network. Groups may be **industrial** or **commercial companies** or **their departments**, **public** and **private research centres** and also **departments** or **research groups within universities**.

Duties

Each node nominates a contact person (CP) to represent it in the network. The CP is responsible for

- seproviding and regularly updating an electronic node profile as a WWW page for the network's node database
- seproviding a link from the node WWW page to the network page
- maintaining a local e-mail alias for node members wishing to join the network's mailing list

The total individual membership of the network is then the union of the individual members of the nodes, whose e-mail addresses are maintained locally but can be addressed globally from the main network office and web page.

Active Nodes

Nodes are considered `active' if they contribute to the objectives and deliverables of the network, e.g.

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Execoordinating or performing a task or contributing to a deliverable listed in B7. Exeparticipating in a CologNet Task Force

seorganizing a CologNet event

secontributing articles and reports to the network Newsletter

Passive Nodes

are those who have been elected members but have not yet begun to contribute







to a specific task. CologNet has the potential to attract around 300 European nodes. About 120 academic and industrial nodes formerly belonging to Compulog Net will be invited to join the network. In addition, Area 7 of CologNet has identified more than 180 potential members (see Appendix 1 of Part C).

Application

A group applies to become a node of CoLogNet by completing and submitting an electronic application form supplying information on the nature and structure of the group, its members, activities, products and its areas of interest. Applications are read and approved by the Executive Council who sets the standards and guidelines for admission. Decisions on node admissions are taken by the Executive Council (EC). Applications to join the network are processed by the Coordinator. All node applications have to be accompanied by a detailed description of the node and its research activities, principal publications and an endorsement from principal contractor. Membership in the network is reviewed on a regular basis, and nodes that are no longer active participants may, on decision of the EC, lose their status.

Individual and Associate Members

Non-European groups may apply to become associate members of the network and may be `active' in any of the above senses. However, a separate set a of rights and duties applies. Individuals or smaller groups not qualifying for the full status of node, may apply to join the network's mailing list and to contribute to network objectives and tasks.

Participation from non-European Groups

Distinction to be made between **Associated States** which may participate with Community funding and **Third States** which may participate without Community funding (exceptionally with Community funding when duly justified as being essential for achieving the objectives of the project).

Associated States:

<u>Candidates for EU-Membership</u>: Bulgaria, Republic of Cyprus, Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia EFAT-EEA: Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway. <u>Others</u>: Israel **Third States:** <u>Other European</u>: Albania, Bosnia-Herzegowina, Croatia, Federal Republic of

Yugoslavia, Former Yugoslavia Republic of Macedonia, Switzerland, Turkey.







European New Member States (NIS): Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldavia, Russia, Ukraine <u>Mediterranean Partnership</u>: Algeria, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, West Bank and Gaza Strip, Syria, Tunisia.

Additional Nodes

Nodes expected to be active in WP2: Univ. Bologna (P. Mello), CWI (K. Apt), Univ. Prague (R. Bartak), IC-PARC (M. Wallace), Univ. Pisa (U. Montanari), TUM (T. Fruhwirth), INRIA (F. Fages), Univ. Paris 6 (P. Codognet), Univ. Udine (M. Gabbrielli).

Contacted Nodes for Area 6: Nodes for Logic and NLP should include the ProofNet consortium that entered an IHP research network proposal under FP5: OTS Utrecht (Moortgat) ILLC Amsterdam (van Benthem) KCL Dept of Phil/Computer Science, ULondon (Gabbay, Kempson) DCT, Dept of Computation Theory, Poznan (Buszkowski) INRIA Nancy (Lamarche, de Groote) ROMA3, Rome (Abrusci) LSI, UPC Barcelona (Morrill)

Contacted Nodes for Area 7

Potential nodes for the FMLog effort:

- Albania: University of Tirana
- Austria: Universities of Graz, Linz (RISC, Hagenberg), Vienna (two: Univ. and TU)

•Belgium: Catholic, resp. Free Universities of Brussels,

Leeuwen/Louvain,Liège,Namur

- Bosnia / Herzegovina: University of Sarajevo
- Bulgaria: University of Sofia and Academy of Science
- Croatia: University of Zagreb
- The Czech Republic: Universities of Prague(Charles) and Brno
- (Mazaryk), and the Czech Academy of Science
- Denmark: Universities of Aalborg, Aarhus, Copenhagen, Odense

Southern Denmark) , and Roskilde (RUC) , and The Technical University of Denmark, as well as a

formal methods industry: IFAD

• England: Universities of Birmingham, Bristol, Cambridge, Durham,

Kent(Canterbury), Lancaster, Leicester, London, Manchester (incl. UMIST),









Newcastle, Open (Milton Keynes), Oxford, Southampton, Surrey, and York; NPL -as well as some Formal Methods industries: Adelard , Hewlett Packard(Bristol), Microsoft, Praxis, etc.

• Estonia: University of Tallinn, Technical University of Estonia , and Academy of Science

(Cybernetics Inst.)

• Finland: Universities (and Academy)of Abo and Turku, Helsinki, Tampere and Jüväskyla

• France: Universities of Bordeaux, Lille, Marseille, Nancy, Nantes, Nice, Paris, Rennes, Toulouse, ENRS (Paris), related CNRS institutes, INRIA, Paris, INRIA, Sophia Antipolis, and IRISA, as well as some formal methods industries

• Germany: Universities of Aachen (RWTH), Augsburg, Berlin: TU and Free Univ., Braunschweig, Bremen, Darmstadt, Erlangen, Freiburg, Hamburg, Kaiserslautern, Karlsruhe, Kiel, Konstanz, München, Münster, Oldenburg, Saarbruecken, Stuttgart Ulm, etc.; GMD and Fraunhofer institutes, as well as several formal methods industries: TüV, Daimler Benz, Siemens, etc.

• Greece: Universities of Athens, Patras and Crete

• Hungary: Universities of Budapest Eötvös Lorant and the Technical Debrezen and Szeged

• Ireland: Universities of Cork, Dublin (Trinity) and UCD and Limerick

• Northern Ireland: (Queens) University of Belfast

• Italy: Universities of l'Aquila, Bologna, Cosenza, Florence Genoa, Milano (Univ. and Milan Technical Univ.), Palermo , Pisa, Rome, and Torino

Latvia: University of Riga

• Lithuania: Universities of Kaunas and Vilnius

• Luxembourg: University of Luxembourg

• Macedonia: University of Skopje

- Moldavia: University of Kishinev
- Montenegro: University of Montenegro

• The Netherlands: Universities of Amsterdam, Eindhoven, Niijmegen, Rotterdam,

Twente, Utrecht ; {CWI}, as well as some formal methods industries (Philips , etc.)

Norway: Universities of Bergen, Oslo, Trondheim

• Poland: Universities of Bialsostock ,Crackow ,GDansk (and/with IPIPAN), Poznan , and Warsaw and the Polish Academy of Sciences (Warsaw, GDansk and Bialostock)

• Portugal: Universities of Lisboa (Lisboa Technical, Lisboa Univ., New Lisboa Univ., and Minho

- Romania: Universities of Bucharest, Cluj (Kolosvara/Klausenburg), Iasi, Timoswara
- · Scotland: Universities of Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Glasgow, St. Andrews, Strathclyde





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- Slovakia: Universities of Bratislava Comenius and Techn., Kosice
- Slovenia: Universities of Ljubljana and Maribor
- Spain: Universities of Barcelona, Madrid, Seville, St.Sebastian, Valencia

• Sweden: Universities of Gothenburg, Linköping, Lund, Stockholm Univ. and Techn. Univ.), and Uppsala; SICS; as well as several formal methods industries: L4I (Logic for Industry), Prover Technology, Telelogic, Ericsson, etc.

- Switzerland: Universities of Geneva , Lausanne (EPUL) , Zürich, and ETH Zürich
- Yugoslavia: Universities of Belgrade and Novisad
- Ukraine: University of Kiev (Taras Tjevchenko)
- Wales: Universities of Cardiff and Swansea

The nodes include some of the nodes for Area 8, where additional nodes will come in through the collaboration with the NoE EUNITE and workpackage 10.

Key nodes for Area 8, WP9 include: LIP (Ecole Normale Superieure of Lyons), RISC (University of Linz), LORIA and INRIA-Lorraine (Nancy), Mechanized Reasoning Group (Trento), Mathematical Reasoning Group (Edinburgh), Artificial Intelligence Group (York).



