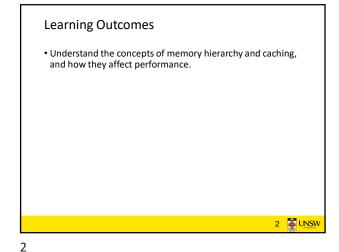
Computer Hardware Review (Memory Hierarchy) Chapter 1.4



Operating Systems

• Exploit the hardware available

• Provide a set of high-level services that represent or are implemented by the hardware.

• Manages the hardware reliably and efficiently

• Understanding operating systems requires a basic understanding of the underlying hardware

Memory Hierarchy Decreasing frequency of access to the memory by the · Going down the hierarchy processor • Decreasing cost per bit Hopefully • Principle of locality!!!!! Increasing capacity • Increasing access time Typical access time Typical capacity 1 nsec <1 KB 2 nsec 1 MB 10 nsec Main memory 64-512 MB 5-50 GB 10 msed 100 sec Magnetic tape 20-100 GB

Caching as a general technique
Given two-levels of data storage: small and fast, versus large and slow,
Can speed access to slower storage by using intermediate-speed storage as a cache.

A hardware approach to improving system performance?

CPU Registers Fast

Cache Memory (SRAM) Fast

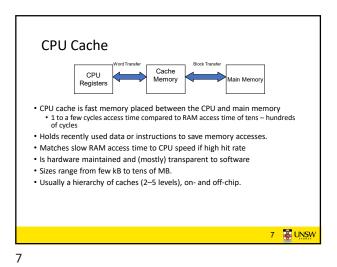
Main Memory (DRAM) Slow

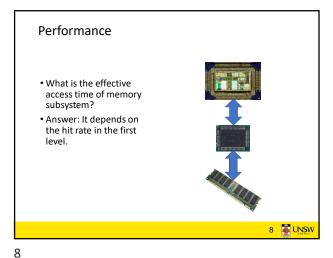
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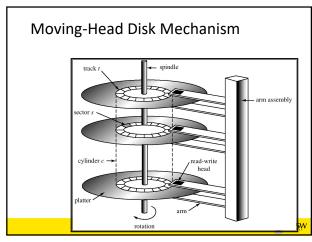
Effective Access Time $T_{eff} = H \times T_1 + (1 - H) \times T_2$ $T_1 = \text{access time of memory 1}$ $T_2 = \text{access time of memory 2}$ H = hit rate in memory 1 $T_{eff} = \text{effective access time of system}$

Example

• Cache memory access time 1ns
• Main memory access time 10ns
• Hit rate of 95% $T_{eff} = 0.95 \times 10^{-9} + (1-0.95) \times (10^{-9} + 10 \times 10^{-9})$ $= 1.5 \times 10^{-9}$ 10 Figure

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Example Disk Access Times
Disk can read/write data relatively fast

15,000 rpm drive - 80 MB/sec
1 KB block is read in 12 microseconds

Access time dominated by time to locate the head over data

Rotational latency
Half one rotation is 2 milliseconds

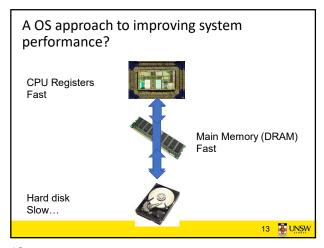
Seek time

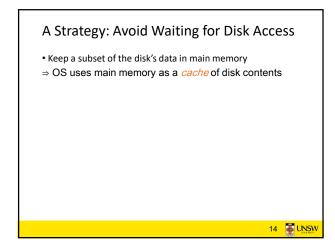
Full inside to outside is 8 milliseconds
Track to track .5 milliseconds

2 milliseconds is 164KB in "lost bandwidth"

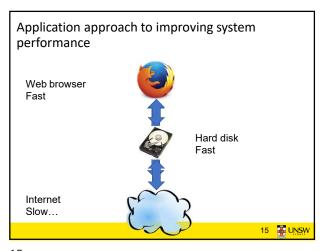
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13 14



A Strategy: Avoid Waiting for Internet
Access
• Keep a subset of the Internet's data on disk
⇒ Application uses disk as a *cache* of the Internet

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