

While Statements

- We often need to execute code (statements) many times.
- **if** statements only allow us to execute or not execute code. in other words they allow us to execute code 0 or 1 times
while statements allow us to execute code 0 or more times
- Like **if**, **while** statements have a controlling expression but **while** statements execute their body until the controlling expression is false

```
while (EXPRESSION) {  
    stmt1;  
    stmt2;  
    ...  
    stmtn;  
}
```

While Statements

- C has other looping constructs - but **while** is all you need
- **for** loops can be a little more concise/convenient we'll see them later - for now use **while**
- Often use a **loop counter** variable to count loop repetitions
- Can then have a **while** loop execute **n** times.

while Loop - Loop Counter Example

```
// read an integer n  
// print n asterisks  
int loop_counter, n;  
  
printf("How many asterisks? ");  
scanf("%d", &n);  
  
loop_counter = 0;  
while (loop_counter < n) {  
    printf("*");  
    loop_counter = loop_counter + 1;  
}  
printf("\n");
```

while Loop - Loop Counter Pattern

Here is the programming pattern for a while that executes *n* times:

```
loop_counter = 0;  
while (loop_counter < n) {  
    //  
    // statements the loop needs to perform  
    //  
  
    loop_counter = loop_counter + 1;  
}
```

While Statements - Termination

- Can control termination (stopping) of while loops in many ways.
- Easy to write **while** loop that do not terminate.
- Often a **sentinel** variable is used to stop a while loop when a condition occurs in the body of the loop

while Loop - Sentinel Variable Example

```
// read numbers printing whether even or odd
// stop if zero read
int stop_loop, numbers;

stop_loop = 0;
while (stop_loop != 1) {
    scanf("%d", &number);
    if (number == 0) {
        stop_loop = 1;
    } else if (number % 2 == 1) {
        printf("%d is odd.\n", number);
    } else {
        printf("%d is even.\n", number);
    }
}
```

while Loop - Sentinel Variable Pattern

Here is the programming pattern for a while that executes n times:

```
stop_loop = 0;
while (stop_loop != 1) {
    //
    // statements the loop needs to perform
    //
    if (.....) {
        stop_loop = 1;
    }
    //
    // perhaps more statements
    //
}
```

Nested While Loops

- Often need to nest while loops.
- Need a separate loop counter variable for each nested loop.

```
// print a square of 10x10 asterisks
int i, j;

i = 0;
while (i < 10) {

    j = 0;
    while (j < 10) {
        printf("* ");
        j = j + 1;
    }

    printf("\n");
    i = i + 1;
}
```